Test Your Knowledge: FACILITATED IEP/IFSP MEETING PROCESS

Directions: Read the statement below and decide if it is True or False. Make a checkmark in the box you select. Total your True and False answers at the end.

Test your knowledge about the Facilitated IEP/IFSP Meeting process.	True	False
1. The definition of facilitation is "to make easier".		
The use of a facilitator during an IEP Meeting is to support and advocate for the IEP process.		
Facilitating an IEP Meeting can only be used before a formal state level complaint.		
4. IEP Facilitation can promote early conflict resolution.		
5. The facilitator needs to meet with all of the parties involved in the IEP Meeting before the IEP Meeting.		
6. The parent(s) must agree to the facilitation process and the facilitator for their child's IEP Meeting.		
7. Attorneys are not permitted to attend a Facilitated IEP Meeting.		
A facilitator can be either an internal district staff member or an external contract facilitator.		
The IEP Notice/Invitation does not need to list the Facilitator as a participant.		
10. If a student has new evaluations that need to be reviewed, the Eligibility Determination Team Meeting conducted prior to the Facilitated IEP Meeting could also be facilitated.		
11. During the Facilitated IEP Meeting, the facilitator can act as the IEP document scribe.		
12. The Facilitated IEP Meeting process supports consensus decision-making by the team.		
13. During the Facilitated IEP Meeting, a designated district staff member could be assigned as the Co-chairperson along with the facilitator.		

Test your knowledge about the Facilitated IEP Meeting process. (Con't.)	True	False
14. A Facilitated IEP Meeting can be used to build and improve team relationships.		
15. The Facilitated IEP Meeting process will not be successful if the family and the district are not committed to exploring solution options as their goal.		
16. No drafts of any part of the IEP document should be prepared prior to the Facilitated IEP Meeting.		
17. The facilitator should examine all of the student's records on file before facilitating the IEP Meeting.		
 Proposals can be gathered and exchanged between the family and district by the facilitator before the IEP Meeting. 		
The facilitator makes decisions about the student's program throughout the IEP Meeting.		
20. The key responsibility of the facilitator is to maintain focus on the needs of the district.		
21. Both the facilitator and participants could complete pre-IEP preparation tasks prior to the Facilitated IEP Meeting.		
22. A facilitator is not required to adhere to the same confidentiality standard as the IEP Team members.		
23. During a Facilitated IEP Meeting, the facilitator guides attention toward past incidents.		
24. The agenda for a Facilitated IEP Meeting is very different from an IEP Meeting that is not facilitated.		
25. At a Facilitated IEP Meeting, the facilitator designates each IEP Team member's role & participation level.		
26. The facilitator is not accountable for the IEP Team's ineffective behavior or its consequences.		
27. Promoting full participation by the team members is a responsibility of the facilitator during a Facilitated IEP Meeting.		
28. With support from the facilitator, the IEP Team members establish guidelines to follow during the Facilitated IEP Meeting.		
TOTALS		